

# Courses based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework (UGCF) -2022 DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

# B.A. (Prog.) with Mathematics as Major/Non-Major

(Discipline, Discipline Specific Core (DSC), and Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Mathematics Courses)

Semester	DSC (1-8) and Discipline (A-1 to A-6) (3L + 1T/1P = 4 credits)	DSE (1-4) (3L + 1T/1P = 4 credits)
Ι	<ul> <li>DSC-1: Elements of Discrete Mathematics (3L + 1T)</li> <li>Discipline A-1: Topics in Calculus (3L + 1T)</li> </ul>	
II	<b>DSC-2:</b> Analytic Geometry (3L + 1T) <b>Discipline A-2:</b> Elementary Linear Algebra (3L + 1T)	
III	<ul> <li>DSC-3: Theory of Equations and Symmetries (3L + 1T)</li> <li>Discipline A-3: Differential Equations (3L + 1T)</li> </ul>	
IV	<ul> <li>DSC-4: Introduction to Graph Theory (3L + 1T)</li> <li>Discipline A-4: Abstract Algebra (3L + 1T)</li> </ul>	
V	<b>DSC-5:</b> Linear Programming (3L + 1T) <b>Discipline A-5:</b> Elements of Real Analysis (3L + 1T)	<b>DSE-1:</b> Choose any <i>one</i> (i) Combinatorics (3L + 1T) (ii) Elements of Number Theory (3L+1T) (iii) Mathematical Python (3L + 1P)
VI	<ul> <li>DSC-6: Elementary Mathematical Analysis (3L + 1T)</li> <li>Discipline A-6: Probability and Statistics (3L + 1P)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>DSE-2: Choose any <i>one</i></li> <li>(i) Discrete Dynamical Systems (3L+1P)</li> <li>(ii) Introduction to Mathematical Modeling (3L + 1P)</li> <li>(iii) Research Methodology (3L+1P)</li> </ul>
VII	<b>DSC-7:</b> Numerical Methods (3L + 1P)	<ul> <li>DSE-3:</li> <li>Choose at least <i>one</i> and at most <i>three</i></li> <li>(i) Advanced Linear Algebra (3L + 1T)</li> <li>(ii) Elements of Metric Spaces (3L + 1T)</li> <li>(iii) Mathematical Data Science (3L + 1P)</li> <li>(iv) Integral Transforms (3L + 1T)</li> <li>(v) Research Methodology (3L + 1P)</li> </ul>
VIII	<b>DSC-8:</b> Topics in Multivariate Calculus (3L + 1T)	<ul> <li>DSE-4:</li> <li>Choose at least <i>one</i> and at most <i>three</i></li> <li>(i) Applied Algebra (3L + 1T)</li> <li>(ii) Elements of Partial Differential Equations (3L + 1T)</li> <li>(iii) Mathematical Statistics (3L + 1T)</li> <li>(iv) Optimization Techniques (3L + 1T)</li> <li>(v) Rings and Fields (3L+1T)</li> </ul>

#### UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

CNC-II/093/1(22)/2022-23/216 Dated: 10.10.2022

#### **NOTIFICATION**

Sub: Amendment to Ordinance V

#### [E.C Resolution No. 18-1/ (18-1-4) dated 18.08.2022]

Following addition be made to Appendix-II-A to the Ordinance V (2-A) of the Ordinances of the University;

#### Add the following:

Syllabi of Semester-I of the following departments under Faculty of Mathematical Sciences based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework -2022 to be implemented from the Academic Year 2022-23.

# **FACULTY OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES**

# **DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**

# **B.A. (Prog.) with Mathematics as Major**

# **Category II**

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 1: ELEMENTS OF DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

## **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility	Pre-requisite of
& Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/	criteria	the course
				Practice		(if any)
Elements of					Class XII	Nil
Discrete	4	3	1	0	pass with	
Mathematics					Mathematics	

#### Learning Objectives

Students are introducing to:

- Order (or partial order) and related properties.
- Notion of a lattice which is also a step towards abstract algebra.
- Concept of Boolean algebra and its applications to minimizing a Boolean polynomial and switching circuits, which has further applications in computer science.

#### Learning outcomes

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand the basic concepts of sets, relations, functions, and induction.
- Understand mathematical logic and logical operations to various fields.
- Understand the notion of order and maps between partially ordered sets.
- Minimize a Boolean polynomial and apply Boolean algebra techniques to decode switching circuits.

#### **SYLLABUS OF DSC - 1**

#### Theory

Unit – 1

#### Sets, Relations and Functions

Sets, Propositions and logical operations, Conditional statements, Mathematical induction, Relations and equivalence relation, Equivalence classes, Partial order relation, Partially ordered set, Hasse diagrams, Chain, Maximal and minimal elements, least and greatest elements, Least upper bound, Greatest lower bound, Zorn's lemma, Functions and bijective functions, Functions between POSETS, Order isomorphism.

# **Unit** – 2

#### Lattices

Lattice as a POSET, Lattice as an algebra and their equivalence, Bounded lattices, Sublattices, Interval in a lattice, Products and homomorphism of lattices, Isomorphism of lattices; Distributive, Complemented, Partition and pentagonal lattices.

#### (24 hours)

(16 hours)

#### 2

# **Unit** – **3**

# Boolean Algebra and Switching Circuits

## (20 hours)

Boolean algebra, De Morgan's laws, Boolean expressions, Truth tables, Logic diagrams, Boolean functions, Disjunctive normal forms (as join of meets), Minimal forms of Boolean polynomials, Quine Mc-Cluskey method, Karnaugh maps, Switching circuits, Applications of switching circuits.

# Practical component (if any) - NIL

# **Essential Readings**

- Rudolf Lidl, & Gunter Pilz (2004). Applied Abstract Algebra (2nd ed.). Undergraduate text in Mathematics, Springer (SIE), Indian Reprint.
- Bernard Kolman, Robert C. Busby, & Sharon Cutler Ross (2009). Discrete Mathematical Structures (6th ed.). Pearson education Inc., Indian reprint.

# **Suggestive Reading**

• Rosen, Kenneth H. (2017). Discrete Mathematics and its applications with combinatorics and Graph Theory (7th ed.). McGraw Hill Education.

# **Note:** Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

# **DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 2: TOPICS IN CALCULUS**

# CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title	Credits	Credit d	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite
& Code		Lecture	Lecture Tutorial Practical/		criteria	of the course
				Practice		(if any)
Topics in					Class XII	Nil
Calculus	4	3	1	0	pass with	
					Mathematics	

# Learning Objectives

The primary objective of this course is to:

- Introduce the basic tools of calculus which are helpful in understanding their applications in many real-world problems.
- Understand/create various mathematical models in everyday life.

# **Learning Outcomes**

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand continuity and differentiability in terms of limits and graphs of certain functions.
- Describe asymptotic behaviour in terms of limits involving infinity.
- Use of derivatives to explore the behaviour of a given function locating and classify its

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#### extrema and graphing the function.

- Apply the concepts of asymptotes, and inflexion points in tracing of cartesian curves.
- Compute the reduction formulae of standard transcendental functions with applications.

# **SYLLABUS OF DSC - 2**

#### Theory

## Unit – 1

# Limits, Continuity and Differentiability

Limit of a function,  $\varepsilon - \delta$  definition of a limit, Infinite limits, Continuity and types of discontinuities; Differentiability of a function, Successive differentiation: Calculation of the nth derivatives, Leibnitz theorem; Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions.

## Unit - 2

## Mean Value Theorems and its Applications

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems and applications to monotonic functions and inequalities; Taylor's theorem, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series expansions of  $e^x$ , sin x, cos x, log (1+x) and  $(1+x)^m$ ; Indeterminate forms.

## **Unit** – **3**

## **Tracing of Curves and Reduction Formulae**

Asymptotes (parallel to axes and oblique), Concavity and inflexion points, Singular points, Tangents at the origin and nature of singular points, Curve tracing (cartesian and polar equations). Reduction formulae for  $\int \sin^n x \, dx$ ,  $\int \cos^n x \, dx$ , and  $\int \sin^m x \cos^n x \, dx$  and their applications.

# Practical component (if any) – NIL

#### **Essential Readings**

- Prasad, Gorakh (2016). Differential Calculus (19th ed.). Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.
- Prasad, Gorakh (2015). Integral Calculus. Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Apostol, T. M. (2007). Calculus: One-Variable Calculus with An Introduction to Linear Algebra (2nd ed.). Vol. 1. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Ross, Kenneth. A. (2013). Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian reprint.

# **Note:** Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

# (20 hours)

# (20 hours)

(20 hours)

# **B.A. (Prog.) with Mathematics as Non-Major**

# **Category III**

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE: TOPICS IN CALCULUS

# CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course	Credits	Credit d	listribution	n of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite
title & Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice	criteria	of the course (if any)
Topics in					Class XII	Nil
Calculus	4	3	1	0	pass with Mathematics	

# Learning Objectives

The primary objective of this course is to:

- Introduce the basic tools of calculus which are helpful in understanding their applications in many real-world problems.
- Understand/create various mathematical models in everyday life.

## Learning outcomes

This course will enable the students to:

- Understand continuity and differentiability in terms of limits and graphs of certain functions.
- Describe asymptotic behaviour in terms of limits involving infinity.
- Use of derivatives to explore the behaviour of a given function locating and classify its extrema and graphing the function.
- Apply the concepts of asymptotes, and inflexion points in tracing of cartesian curves.
- Compute the reduction formulae of standard transcendental functions with applications.

# **SYLLABUS OF DSC**

#### Theory

#### Unit – 1

#### Limits, Continuity and Differentiability

Limit of a function,  $\varepsilon - \delta$  definition of a limit, Infinite limits, Continuity and types of discontinuities; Differentiability of a function, Successive differentiation: Calculation of the nth derivatives, Leibnitz theorem; Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions.

# (20 hours)

#### Mean Value Theorems and its Applications

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems and applications to monotonic functions and inequalities; Taylor's theorem, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series expansions of

 $e^x$ , sin x, cos x, log (1+x) and  $(1+x)^m$ ; Indeterminate forms.

#### **Unit – 3**

#### (20 hours)

#### **Tracing of Curves and Reduction Formulae**

Asymptotes (parallel to axes and oblique), Concavity and inflexion points, Singular points, Tangents at the origin and nature of singular points, Curve tracing (cartesian and polar equations). Reduction formulae for  $\int \sin^n x \, dx$ ,  $\int \cos^n x \, dx$ , and  $\int \sin^m x \cos^n x \, dx$  and their applications.

#### Practical component (if any) - NIL

#### **Essential Readings**

- Prasad, Gorakh (2016). Differential Calculus (19th ed.). Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.
- Prasad, Gorakh (2015). Integral Calculus. Pothishala Pvt. Ltd. Allahabad.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Apostol, T. M. (2007). Calculus: One-Variable Calculus with An Introduction to Linear Algebra (2nd ed.). Vol. 1. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Ross, Kenneth. A. (2013). Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian reprint.

# **Note:** Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

### UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

CNC-II/093/1(23)/2022-23/451 Dated: 03.03.2023

# NOTIFICATION

Sub: Amendment to Ordinance V [E.C Resolution No. 38-1/ (38-1-4) dated 08.12.2022]

Following addition be made to Appendix-II-A to the Ordinance V (2-A) of the Ordinances of the University;

# Add the following:

Syllabi of Semester-II of the following departments under Faculty of Mathematical Sciences based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework -2022 to be implemented from the Academic Year 2022-23.

# FACULTY OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

# **DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**

# **BA.** (Prog.) with Mathematics as Major

# Category II

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE (DSC-2): ANALYTIC GEOMETRY

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title	Credits	Credit d	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite
& Code		Lecture Tutorial Practical/			criteria	of the course
				Practice		(if any)
Analytic	4	3	1	0	Class XII	NIL
Geometry					pass with	
					Mathematic	
					S	

Learning Objectives: The course aims at:

- Identifying and sketching curves, studying three dimensional objects, their geometric properties and applications.
- Use of vector approach to three-dimensional geometry makes the study simple and elegant.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Learn concepts in two-dimensional geometry.
- Identify and sketch conics namely, ellipse, parabola and hyperbola.
- Learn about three-dimensional objects such as straight lines and planes using vectors, spheres, cones and cylinders.

#### SYLLABUS OF DSC-2

#### UNIT – I: Conic Sections

Techniques for sketching parabola, ellipse and hyperbola; Reflection properties of parabola, ellipse, hyperbola, and their applications to signals; Classification of quadratic equation representing lines, parabola, ellipse and hyperbola; Rotation of axes; Second degree equations.

#### UNIT – II: Vectors, Lines and Planes

Rectangular coordinates in 3-dimensional space, vectors viewed geometrically, vectors in coordinate systems and vectors determined by length and angle; Dot product; Projections; Cross product, scalar triple product, vector triple product and their geometrical properties; Parametric equations of lines, direction cosines and direction ratios of a line, vector and symmetric equations of lines, angle between two lines; Planes in 3-dimensional space, coplanarity of two lines, angle between two planes, distance of a point from a plane, angle between a line and a plane, distance between parallel planes; Shortest distance between two skew lines.

#### (18 hours)

(15 hours)

#### UNIT – III: Sphere, Cone and Cylinder

#### (12 hours)

Equation of a sphere, plane section of sphere, tangents and tangent plane to a sphere; Equation of a cone, enveloping cone of a sphere, Reciprocal cones and right circular cone; Equation of a cylinder, enveloping cylinder and right circular cylinder.

#### **Essential Readings**

- 1. Anton, Howard, Bivens, Irl, & Davis, Stephen (2013). *Calculus* (10th ed.). John Wiley & Sons Singapore Pte. Ltd. Indian reprint (2016) by Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
- 2. Narayan, Shanti & Mittal, P. K. (2007). *Analytical Solid Geometry*. S. Chand & Company Pvt Ltd. India.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Bell, Robert J.T. (1972). An Elementary Treatise on Coordinate Geometry of Three Dimensions. Macmillan & Co. Ltd. London.
- George B. Thomas, Jr., & Ross L. Finney (2012). *Calculus and Analytic Geometry* (9th ed.). Pearson Indian Education Services Pvt Ltd. India.

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 2 (Discipline A-2): Elementary Linear Algebra

## CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility	Pre-requisite
title &		Lecture Tutorial Practical/			criteria	of the course
Code				Practice		(if any)
Elementar y Linear Algebra	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematic s	NIL

Learning Objectives: The objective of the course is:

- To introduce the concept of vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
- Understanding the nature of solution of system of linear equations.
- To view the  $m \times n$  matrices as a linear function from  $\mathbb{R}^n$  to  $\mathbb{R}^m$  and vice versa.
- To introduce the concepts of linear independence and dependence, rank and linear transformations has been explained through matrices.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Visualize the space  $R^n$  in terms of vectors and the interrelation of vectors with matrices.
- Familiarize with concepts of bases, dimension and minimal spanning sets in vector spaces.
- Learn about linear transformation and its corresponding matrix.

#### SYLLABUS OF DSC-2

#### UNIT – I: Euclidean Space $R^n$ and Matrices

Fundamental operations with vectors in Euclidean space  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , Linear combinations of vectors, Dot product and their properties, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, Triangle inequality, Solving system of linear equations using Gaussian elimination, Application: Curve Fitting, Gauss-Jordan row reduction, Reduced row echelon form, Application: Solving several systems simultaneously, Equivalent systems, Rank and row space of a matrix, Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors, Eigenspace, Diagonalization, Characteristic polynomial of a matrix.

#### **UNIT – II: Introduction to Vector Spaces**

Definition, Examples and some elementary properties of vector spaces, Subspaces, Span, Linear independence and linear dependence of vectors, Basis and dimension of a vector space, Maximal linearly independent sets, Minimal spanning sets.

#### UNIT – II: Linear Transformations

Linear transformations: Definition, Examples and elementary properties, The matrix of a linear transformation, Kernel and range of a linear transformation, The dimension theorem, one-to-one and onto linear transformations, Invertible linear transformations, Isomorphic vector spaces.

#### **Essential Reading**

1. Andrilli, S., & Hecker, D. (2016). *Elementary Linear Algebra* (5th ed.). Elsevier India.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Lay, David C., Lay, Steven R., &McDonald, Judi J. (2016). *Linear Algebra and its Applications* (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Kolman, Bernard, & Hill, David R. (2001). *Introductory Linear Algebra with Applications* (7th ed.). Pearson Education, Delhi. First Indian Reprint 2003.

# BA (Prog.) with Mathematics as Non-Major Category-III

#### DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 2 (Discipline A-2): Elementary Linear Algebra

#### **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title	Credits	Credit d	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite
& Code		Lecture Tutorial Practical/			criteria	of the course
				Practice		(if any)
Elementary	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass	NIL
Linear					with	
Algebra					Mathematics	

#### (18 hours)

#### (15 hours)

(12 hours)

Learning Objectives: The objective of the course is:

- To introduce the concept of vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
- Understand the nature of solution of system of linear equations.
- To view the  $m \times n$  matrices as a linear function from  $R^n$  to  $R^m$  and vice versa.
- To introduce the concepts of linear independence and dependence, rank and linear transformations has been explained through matrices.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Visualize the space  $R^n$  in terms of vectors and the interrelation of vectors with matrices.
- Familiarize with concepts of bases, dimension and minimal spanning sets in vector spaces.
- Learn about linear transformation and its corresponding matrix.

#### SYLLABUS OF DSC-2

#### UNIT – I: Euclidean Space $R^n$ and Matrices

Fundamental operations with vectors in Euclidean space  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , Linear combinations of vectors, Dot product and their properties, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, Triangle inequality, Solving system of linear equations using Gaussian elimination, Application: Curve Fitting, Gauss-Jordan row reduction, Reduced row echelon form, Application: Solving several systems simultaneously, Equivalent systems, Rank and row space of a matrix, Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors, Eigenspace, Diagonalization, Characteristic polynomial of a matrix.

#### **UNIT – II: Introduction to Vector Spaces**

Definition, Examples and some elementary properties of vector spaces, Subspaces, Span, Linear independence and linear dependence of vectors, Basis and dimension of a vector space, Maximal linearly independent sets, Minimal spanning sets.

#### **UNIT – III: Linear Transformations**

Linear transformations: Definition, Examples and elementary properties, The matrix of a linear transformation, Kernel and range of a linear transformation, The dimension theorem, one-to-one and onto linear transformations, Invertible linear transformations, Isomorphic vector spaces.

#### **Essential Reading**

1. Andrilli, S., & Hecker, D. (2016). *Elementary Linear Algebra* (5th ed.). Elsevier India.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Lay, David C., Lay, Steven R., & McDonald, Judi J. (2016). *Linear Algebra and its Applications* (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Kolman, Bernard, & Hill, David R. (2001). *Introductory Linear Algebra with Applications* (7th ed.). Pearson Education, Delhi. First Indian Reprint 2003.

#### (12 hours)

# (15 hours)

# (18 hours)

#### UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

CNC-II/093/1(25)/2023-24/64 Dated: 30.05.2023

#### **NOTIFICATION**

# Sub: Amendment to Ordinance V

# [E.C Resolution No. 60/ (60-1-7/) dated 03.02.2023]

Following addition be made to Appendix-II-A to the Ordinance V (2-A) of the Ordinances of the University;

#### Add the following:

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# Syllabi of Semester-III of the following departments under Faculty of Mathematical Sciences based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework -2022 implemented from the Academic Year 2022-23.

# FACULTY OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

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# **B.A. (Prog.) with Mathematics as Major**

# **Category-II**

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 3: THEORY OF EQUATIONS AND SYMMETRIES

**CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE** 

Course	Credits	Credit di	istribution	of the course	Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
title & Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Theory of Equations and Symmetries	4	3	1	0	Class X pass with Mathematics	Nil

#### **Learning Objectives**

The goal of this paper is to acquaint students with certain ideas about:

- Integral roots, rational roots, an upper bound on number of positive or negative roots of a polynomial.
- Finding roots of cubic and quartic equations in special cases using elementary symmetric functions.
- Using Cardon's and Descartes' methods, respectively.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

After completion of this paper, the students will be able to:

- Understand the nature of the roots of polynomial equations and their symmetries.
- Solve cubic and quartic polynomial equations with special condition on roots and in general.
- Find symmetric functions in terms of the elementary symmetric polynomials.

# **SYLLABUS OF DSC-3**

#### **Unit** – 1

#### **Polynomial Equations and Properties**

General properties of polynomials and equations; Fundamental theorem of algebra and its consequences; Theorems on imaginary, integral and rational roots; Descartes' rule of signs for positive and negative roots; Relations between the roots and coefficients of equations, Applications to solution of equations when an additional relation among the roots is given; De Moivre's theorem for rational indices, the *n*th roots of unity and symmetries of the solutions.

#### **Unit** – 2

#### **Cubic and Biquadratic (Quartic) Equations**

# (12 hours)

#### (18 hours)

Transformation of equations (multiplication, reciprocal, increase/diminish in the roots by a given quantity), Removal of terms; Cardon's method of solving cubic and Descartes' method of solving biquadratic equations.

# Unit – 3

# Symmetric Functions

Elementary symmetric functions and symmetric functions of the roots of an equation; Newton's theorem on sums of the like powers of the roots; Computation of symmetric

$$\sum \alpha^2 \beta$$
,  $\sum \alpha^2 \beta^2$ ,  $\sum \alpha^2 \beta \gamma$ ,  $\sum \frac{1}{\alpha^2 \beta \gamma}$ ,  $\sum \alpha^{-3}$ ,  $\sum (\beta + \gamma - \alpha)^2$ ,  $\sum \frac{\alpha^2 + \beta \gamma}{\beta + \gamma}$ ,... of

polynomial equations; Transformation of equations by symmetric functions and in general.

## **Essential Readings**

functions such as

- 1. Burnside, W.S., & Panton, A.W. (1979). The Theory of Equations (11th ed.). Vol. 1. Dover Publications, Inc. (4th Indian reprint. S. Chand & Co. New Delhi).
- 2. Dickson, Leonard Eugene (2009). First Course in the Theory of Equations. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. The Project Gutenberg eBook: http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/29785

#### **Suggestive Readings**

• Prasad, Chandrika (2017). Text Book of Algebra and Theory of Equations. Pothishala Pvt Ltd.

# **Note:** Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – A-3: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course	Credits Credit		istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite
title & Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice	criteria	of the course (if any)
Differential Equations	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Nil

# **Learning Objectives**

The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- Ordinary and partial differential equations.
- Basic theory of higher order linear differential equations, Wronskian and its properties.
- Various techniques to find the solutions of above differential equations which provide a basis to model complex real-world situations.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

This course will enable the students to:

• Solve the exact, linear, Bernoulli equations, find orthogonal trajectories and solve rate problems.

- Apply the method of undetermined coefficients and variation of parameters to solve linear differential equations.
- Solve Cauchy-Euler equations and system of linear differential equations.
- Formulate and solve various types of first and second order partial differential equations.

# SYLLABUS OF DISCIPLINE A-3

# **Unit** – 1

# **Ordinary Differential Equations**

First order ordinary differential equations: Basic concepts and ideas, First order Exact differential equations, Integrating factors and rules to find integrating factors, Linear equations and Bernoulli equations, Initial value problems, Applications of first order differential equations: Orthogonal trajectories and Rate problems; Basic theory of higher order linear differential equations, Wronskian and its properties.

# **Unit** – 2

# **Explicit Methods of Solving Higher-Order Linear Differential Equations**

Linear homogeneous equations with constant coefficients, Linear non-homogeneous equations, Method of undetermined coefficients, Method of variation of parameters, Two-point boundary value problems, Cauchy-Euler equations, System of linear differential equations.

# **Unit** – **3**

# First and Second Order Partial Differential Equations

Classification and Construction of first-order partial differential equations, Method of characteristics and general solutions of first-order partial differential equations, Canonical forms and method of separation of variables for first order partial differential equations; Classification and reduction to canonical forms of second-order linear partial differential equations.

# **Essential Readings**

- 1. Myint-U, Tyn and Debnath, Lokenath (2007). Linear Partial Differential Equations for Scientist and Engineers (4th ed.). Birkhäuser. Indian Reprint.
- 2. Ross, Shepley L. (1984). Differential Equations (3rd ed.). John Wiley & Sons.

# **Suggestive Readings**

- Edwards, C. Henry, Penney, David E., & Calvis, David T. (2015). Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems: Computing and Modeling (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Kreyszig, Erwin. (2011). Advanced Engineering Mathematics (10th ed.). Wiley India.
- Sneddon I. N. (2006). Elements of Partial Differential Equations. Dover Publications.

# **Note:** Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

# (15 hours)

## (18 hours)

(12 hours)

# **B.A.** (Prog.) with Mathematics as Non-Major

# **Category-III**

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – A-3: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

#### **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course	Credits	Credit d	Credit distribution of the course			Pre-requisite
title & Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice	criteria	of the course (if any)
Differential Equations	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Nil

#### **Learning Objectives**

The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- Ordinary and partial differential equations.
- Basic theory of higher order linear differential equations, Wronskian and its properties.
- Various techniques to find the solutions of above differential equations which provide a basis to model complex real-world situations.

# **Learning Outcomes**

This course will enable the students to:

- Solve the exact, linear, Bernoulli equations, find orthogonal trajectories and solve rate problems.
- Apply the method of undetermined coefficients and variation of parameters to solve linear differential equations.
- Solve Cauchy-Euler equations and System of linear differential equations.
- Formulate and solve various types of first and second order partial differential equations.

# **SYLLABUS of Discipline A-3**

#### Unit – 1

#### **Ordinary Differential Equations**

First order ordinary differential equations: Basic concepts and ideas, First order Exact differential equations, Integrating factors and rules to find integrating factors, Linear equations and Bernoulli equations, Initial value problems, Applications of first order differential equations: Orthogonal trajectories and Rate problems; Basic theory of higher order linear differential equations, Wronskian and its properties.

#### **Unit** – 2

**Explicit Methods of Solving Higher-Order Linear Differential Equations** 

#### (15 hours)

(12 hours)

Linear homogeneous equations with constant coefficients, Linear non-homogeneous equations, Method of undetermined coefficients, Method of variation of parameters, Two-point boundary value problems, Cauchy-Euler equations, System of linear differential equations.

# **Unit** – 3

# (18 hours)

# First and Second Order Partial Differential Equations

Classification and Construction of first-order partial differential equations, Method of characteristics and general solutions of first-order partial differential equations, Canonical forms and method of separation of variables for first order partial differential equations; Classification and reduction to canonical forms of second-order linear partial differential equations.

# **Essential Readings**

- 1. Myint-U, Tyn and Debnath, Lokenath (2007). Linear Partial Differential Equations for Scientist and Engineers (4th ed.). Birkhäuser. Indian Reprint.
- 2. Ross, Shepley L. (1984). Differential Equations (3rd ed.). John Wiley & Sons.

# **Suggestive Readings**

- Edwards, C. Henry, Penney, David E., & Calvis, David T. (2015). Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems: Computing and Modeling (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Kreyszig, Erwin. (2011). Advanced Engineering Mathematics (10th ed.). Wiley India.
- Sneddon I. N. (2006). Elements of Partial Differential Equations. Dover Publications.

# **Note:** Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

# UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

# CNC-II/093/1(26)/2023-24/194 Dated: 14.09.2023

# **NOTIFICATION**

Sub: Amendment to Ordinance V

# [E.C Resolution No. 14/ (14-1-7/) and 27-1-2/ dated 09.06.2023 and 25.08.2023 respectively]

Following addition be made to Appendix-II-A to the Ordinance V (2-A) of the Ordinances of the University;

# Add the following:

Syllabi of Semester-IV, V and VI of the following departments under Faculty of Mathematical Sciences based on Under Graduate Curriculum Framework -2022 implemented from the Academic Year 2022-23.

# FACULTY OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

- 1. Department of Mathematics
- 2. Department of Statistics
- 3. Department of Operational Research
- 4. Department of Computer Science

# B.A. (Prog.) Semester-IV with Mathematics as Major <u>Category-II</u>

#### DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE (DSC-4): INTRODUCTION TO GRAPH THEORY

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

	Credits	Credit d	listribution	•	Pre-requisite	
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Introduction to Graph Theory	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

**Learning Objectives:** The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- Problem-solving techniques using various concepts of graph theory.
- Various properties like planarity and chromaticity of graphs.
- Several applications of these concepts in solving practical problems.

#### Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Good familiarity with all initial notions of graph theory and related results and seeing them used for some real-life problems.
- Learning notion of trees and their enormous usefulness in various problems.
- Learning various algorithms and their applicability.
- Studying planar graphs, Euler theorem associated to such graphs and some useful applications like coloring of graphs.

#### SYLLABUS OF DSC-4

#### UNIT-I: Graphs, Types of Graphs and Basic Properties

Graphs and their representation, Pseudographs, Subgraphs, Degree sequence, Euler's theorem, Isomorphism of graphs, Paths and circuits, Connected graphs, Euler trails and circuits, Hamiltonian paths and cycles, Adjacency matrix, Weighted graphs, Travelling salesman problem, Dijkstra's algorithm.

#### UNIT-II: Directed Graphs and Applications, Trees (18 hours)

The Chinese postman problem; Digraphs, Bellman-Ford algorithm, Tournaments, Directed network, Scheduling problem; Trees and their properties, Spanning trees, Kruskal's algorithm, Prim's algorithm, Acyclic digraphs and Bellman's algorithm.

#### UNIT-III: Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring and Network Flows

Planar graphs, Euler's formula, Kuratowski theorem, Graph coloring, Applications of graph

#### 19

(12 hours)

(15 hours)

coloring, Circuit testing and facilities design, Flows and cuts, Max flow-min cut theorem, Matchings, Hall's theorem.

### **Essential Reading**

1. Goodaire, Edgar G., & Parmenter, Michael M. (2011). Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory (3rd ed.). Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd. Indian Reprint.

## **Suggestive Readings**

- Bondy, J. A. & Murty, U.S.R. (2008), Graph Theory with Applications. Springer.
- Chartrand, Gary, & Zhang, P. (2012). A First Course in Graph Theory. Dover Publications.
- Diestel, R. (1997). Graph Theory (Graduate Texts in Mathematics). Springer Verlag.
- West, Douglas B. (2001). Introduction to graph theory (2nd ed.). Pearson India.

#### DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 4 (Discipline A-4): ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

Course title & Code		Credit o	listribution	n of the course	criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Abstract Algebra	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of the course is to introduce:

- Modular arithmetic, fundamental theory of groups, rings, integral domains, and fields.
- Symmetry group of a plane figure, and basic concepts of cyclic groups.
- Cosets of a group and its properties, Lagrange's theorem, and quotient groups.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Appreciate ample types of groups present around us which explains our surrounding better, and classify them as abelian, cyclic and permutation groups.
- Explain the significance of the notion of cosets, normal subgroups and homomorphisms.
- Understand the fundamental concepts of rings, subrings, fields, ideals, and factor rings.

#### **SYLLABUS OF DISCIPLINE A-4**

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to Groups**

Modular arithmetic; Definition and examples of groups, Elementary properties of groups, Order of a group and order of an element of a group; Subgroups and its examples, Subgroup tests; Center of a group and centralizer of an element of a group.

# UNIT-II: Cyclic Groups, Permutation Groups and Lagrange's Theorem (18 hours)

Cyclic groups and its properties, Generators of a cyclic group; Group of symmetries; Permutation groups, Cyclic decomposition of permutations and its properties, Even and odd

# (12 hours)

permutations and the alternating group; Cosets and Lagrange's theorem; Definition and examples of normal subgroups, Quotient groups; Group homomorphisms and properties.

UNIT-III: Rings, Integral Domains and Fields (15 hours) Definition, examples and properties of rings, subrings, integral domains, fields, ideals and factor rings; Characteristic of a ring; Ring homomorphisms and properties.

# **Essential Reading**

1. Gallian, Joseph. A. (2017). Contemporary Abstract Algebra (9th ed.). Cengage Learning India Private Limited, Delhi. Indian Reprint (2021).

# **Suggestive Reading**

• Beachy, John A., & Blair, William D. (2006). Abstract Algebra (3rd ed.). Waveland Press.

# BA (Prog.) Semester-IV with Mathematics as non-Major

# Category-III

#### DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 4 (Discipline A-4): ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &	Credits	Credit	distribution			Pre-requisite
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Abstract Algebra	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

**Learning Objectives:** The primary objective of the course is to introduce:

- Modular arithmetic, fundamental theory of groups, rings, integral domains, and fields.
- Symmetry group of a plane figure, and basic concepts of cyclic groups.
- Cosets of a group and its properties, Lagrange's theorem, and quotient groups.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Appreciate ample types of groups present around us which explains our surrounding better, and classify them as abelian, cyclic and permutation groups.
- Explain the significance of the notion of cosets, normal subgroups and homomorphisms.
- Understand the fundamental concepts of rings, subrings, fields, ideals, and factor rings.

#### SYLLABUS OF DISCIPLINE A-4

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction to Groups**

Modular arithmetic; Definition and examples of groups, Elementary properties of groups, Order of a group and order of an element of a group; Subgroups and its examples, Subgroup tests; Center of a group and centralizer of an element of a group.

#### UNIT-II: Cyclic Groups, Permutation Groups and Lagrange's Theorem (18 hours)

Cyclic groups and its properties, Generators of a cyclic group; Group of symmetries; Permutation groups, Cyclic decomposition of permutations and its properties, Even and odd permutations and the alternating group; Cosets and Lagrange's theorem; Definition and examples of normal subgroups, Quotient groups; Group homomorphisms and properties.

#### **UNIT-III: Rings, Integral Domains and Fields**

Definition, examples and properties of rings, subrings, integral domains, fields, ideals and factor rings; Characteristic of a ring; Ring homomorphisms and properties.

#### **Essential Reading**

 Gallian, Joseph. A. (2017). Contemporary Abstract Algebra (9th ed.). Cengage Learning India Private Limited, Delhi. Indian Reprint (2021).

#### **Suggestive Reading**

Beachy, John A., & Blair, William D. (2006). Abstract Algebra (3rd ed.). Waveland Press.

#### (12 hours)

(15 hours)

# **B.A.** (Prog.) Semester-V with Mathematics as Major

# Category-II

### DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE (DSC-5): LINEAR PROGRAMMING

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

	Credits	Credit d	listribution		•	Pre-requisite
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Linear Programming	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- The solution of linear programming problem using simplex method.
- The solution of transportation and assignment problems.
- Game theory which makes possible the analysis of the decision-making process of two interdependent subjects.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Learn about the simplex method used to find optimal solutions of linear optimization problems subject to certain constraints.
- Write the dual of a linear programming problem.
- Solve the transportation and assignment problems.
- Learn about solution of rectangular games using graphical method and dominance.
- Formulate game to a pair of associated prima-dual linear programming problems.

#### **SYLLABUS OF DSC-5**

**UNIT-I: Linear Programming Problem, Simplex Method, and Duality** (18 hours) Standard form of the LPP, graphical method of solution, basic feasible solutions, and convexity; Introduction to the simplex method: Optimality criterion and unboundedness, Simplex tableau and examples, Artificial variables; Introduction to duality, Formulation of the dual problem with examples.

#### **UNIT-II: Transportation and Assignment Problems**

Definition of transportation problem, finding initial basic feasible solution using Northwest-corner method, Least-cost method, and Vogel approximation method; Algorithm for solving transportation problem; Hungarian method of solving assignment problem.

#### UNIT-III: Two-Person Zero-Sum Games

Introduction to game theory, rectangular games, Mixed strategies, Dominance principle; Formulation of game to primal and dual linear programming problems.

#### **Essential Readings**

# (12 hours)

(15 hours)

- 3. Thie, Paul R., & Keough, G. E. (2014). An Introduction to Linear Programming and Game Theory. (3rd ed.). Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Taha, Hamdy A. (2017). Operations Research: An Introduction (10th ed.). Pearson.

### Suggestive Readings

- Hadley, G. (1997). Linear Programming. Narosa Publishing House. New Delhi.
- Hillier, F. S., & Lieberman, G. J. (2021). Introduction to Operations Research (11th ed.).McGraw-Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 5 (Discipline A-5): ELEMENTS OF REAL ANALYSIS

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &	Credits	Credit	listributior		•	Pre-requisite
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Elements of Real Analysis	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- The real line with algebraic, order and completeness properties.
- Convergence and divergence of sequences and series of real numbers with applications.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Understand the basic properties of the set of real numbers, including completeness and Archimedean with some consequences.
- Recognize bounded, convergent, monotonic and Cauchy sequences
- Learn to apply various tests such as limit comparison, ratio, root, and alternating series tests for convergence and absolute convergence of infinite series of real numbers.

# SYLLABUS OF DISCIPLINE A-5

#### UNIT-I: Basic Properties of the Set of Real Numbers

Field and order properties of  $\mathbb{R}$ , basic properties and inequalities of the absolute value of a real number, bounded above and bounded below sets, Suprema and infima, The completeness axiom and the Archimedean property of  $\mathbb{R}$ .

# **UNIT-II: Real Sequences**

Convergence of a real sequence, Algebra of limits, The squeeze principle and applications, Monotone sequences, Monotone convergence theorem and applications, Cauchy sequences, Cauchy criterion for convergence and applications.

#### (18 hours)

(12 hours)

#### **UNIT-III: Infinite Series of Real Numbers**

## (15 hours)

Convergence and divergence of infinite series of real numbers, Necessary condition for convergence, Cauchy criterion for convergence of series, Tests for convergence of positive term series, Applications of the integral test, Comparison tests, D'Alembert's ratio test, Cauchy's *n*th root test, Raabe's test; Alternating series, Leibniz alternating series test, Absolute and conditional convergence.

#### **Essential Reading**

1. Denlinger, Charles G. (2011). Elements of Real Analysis. Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Bartle, Robert G., & Sherbert, Donald R. (2011). Introduction to Real Analysis (4th ed.). John Wiley & Sons. Wiley India Edition 2015.
- Bilodeau, Gerald G., Thie, Paul R., & Keough, G. E. (2010). An Introduction to Analysis (2nd ed.). Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.

# DSE Courses of B.A. (Prog.) Semester-V Category-II

#### DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE – 1(i): COMBINATORICS

#### **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title &	Credits	Credit	distribution		<b>U V</b>	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		
Combinatorics	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of this course is to:

- Introduce various techniques of permutations, combinations, and inclusion-exclusion.
- Learn basic models of generating functions and recurrence relations in their application to the theory of integer partitions.

Learning Outcomes: After completing the course, student will:

- Enhance the mathematical logical skills by learning different enumeration techniques.
- Be able to apply these techniques in solving problems in other areas of mathematics. •
- Be trained to provide reasoning and arguments to justify conclusions.

#### SYLLABUS OF DSE-1(i)

#### **UNIT – I: Basics of Combinatorics**

Basic counting principles, Permutations and Combinations (with and without repetitions), Binomial coefficients, Multinomial coefficients, Counting subsets of size k; Set-partitions, The inclusion-exclusion principle and applications.

#### **UNIT – II: Generating Functions and Recurrence Relations** (18 hours)

Generating functions: Generating function models, Calculating coefficients of generating functions, Polynomial expansions, Binomial identity, Exponential generating functions. Recurrence relations: Recurrence relation models, Divide-and-conquer relations, Solution of linear recurrence relations, Solutions by generating functions.

#### **UNIT – III: Partition**

Partition theory of integers: Ordered partition, Unordered partition, Ferrers diagram, Conjugate of partition, Self-conjugate partition, Durfee square, Euler's pentagonal theorem.

#### **Essential Readings**

- 1. Sane, Sharad S. (2013). Combinatorial Techniques. Hindustan Book Agency (India).
- 2. Tucker, Alan (2012). Applied Combinatorics (6th ed.). John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Brualdi, Richard A. (2009). Introductory Combinatorics (5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Cameron, Peter J. (1994). Combinatorics: Topics, Techniques, Algorithms. Cambridge University Press.

(15 hours)

# (12 hours)

#### DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE – 1(ii): ELEMENTS OF NUMBER THEORY

Course title & Code						Pre-requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Elements of Number Theory	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

**Learning Objectives:** The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- The Euclidean algorithm and linear Diophantine equations, the Fundamental theorem of arithmetic and some of the open problems of number theory viz. the Goldbach conjecture.
- The modular arithmetic, linear congruence equations, system of linear congruence • equations, arithmetic functions, and multiplicative functions, e.g., Euler's Phi-function.
- Introduction of the simple encryption and decryption techniques, and the numbers of • specific forms viz. Mersenne numbers, Fermat numbers etc.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Get familiar with the basic number-theoretic techniques.
- Comprehend some of the open problems in number theory. •
- Learn the properties and use of number-theoretic functions and special types of numbers.
- Acquire knowledge about public-key cryptosystems, particularly RSA.

# SYLLABUS OF DSE-1(ii)

#### **UNIT – I: Divisibility and Prime Numbers**

Revisiting: The division algorithm, divisibility and the greatest common divisor. Euclid's lemma; The Euclidean algorithm, Linear Diophantine equations; The Fundamental theorem of Arithmetic, The sieve of Eratosthenes, Euclid theorem and the Goldbach conjecture; The Fibonacci sequence and its nature.

#### UNIT – II: Theory of Congruences and Number-Theoretic Functions (21 hours)

Congruence relation and its basic properties, Linear congruences and the Chinese remainder theorem, System of linear congruences in two variables; Fermat's little theorem and its generalization, Wilson's theorem and its converse; Number-theoretic functions for sum and the number of divisors of a positive integer, Multiplicative functions, The greatest integer function; Euler's Phi-function and its properties.

#### UNIT – III: Public Key Encryption and Numbers of Special Form (12 hours)

Basics of cryptography, Hill's cipher, Public-key cryptosystems and RSA encryption and decryption technique; Introduction to perfect numbers, Mersenne numbers and Fermat numbers.

(12 hours)

## **Essential Reading**

1. Burton, David M. (2011). Elementary Number Theory (7th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. Indian Reprint 2017.

## Suggestive Readings

- Jones, G. A., & Jones, J. Mary. (2005). Elementary Number Theory. Springer Undergraduate Mathematics Series (SUMS). Indian Reprint.
- Robbins, Neville (2007). Beginning Number Theory (2nd ed.). Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
- Rosen, Kenneth H. (2011). Elementary Number Theory and its Applications (6th ed.). Pearson Education. Indian Reprint 2015.

# Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

## DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE – 1(iii): MATHEMATICAL PYTHON

Course title &	Credits	Credit	distribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice	criteria	of the course (if any)
Mathematical Python	4	3	0	1	with	Basic knowledge of Python

## CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Learning Objectives: The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To be able to model and solve mathematical problems using Python Programs.
- To experience utility of open-source resources for numerical and symbolic mathematical software systems.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to use Python:

- For numerical and symbolic computation in mathematical problems from calculus, algebra, and geometry.
- To tabulate and plot diverse graphs of functions and understand tracing of shapes, geometries, and fractals.
- To prepare smart documents with LaTeX interface.

# SYLLABUS OF DSE - 1(iii)

Theory

# UNIT – I: Drawing Shapes, Graphing and Visualization (15 hours)

Drawing diverse shapes using code and Turtle; Using matplotlib and NumPy for data organization, Structuring and plotting lines, bars, markers, contours and fields, managing subplots and axes; Pyplot and subplots, Animations of decay, Bayes update, Random walk.

**UNIT – II: Numerical and Symbolic Solutions of Mathematical Problems** (18 hours) NumPy for scalars and linear algebra on *n*-dimensional arrays; Computing eigenspace, Solving dynamical systems on coupled ordinary differential equations, Functional programming fundamentals using NumPy; Symbolic computation and SymPy: Differentiation and integration of functions, Limits, Solution of ordinary differential equations, Computation of eigenvalues, Solution of expressions at multiple points (lambdify), Simplification of expressions, Factorization, Collecting and canceling terms, Partial fraction decomposition, Trigonometric simplification, Exponential and logarithms, Series expansion and finite differences, Solvers, Recursive equations.

# UNIT – III: Document Generation with Python and LaTeX (12 hours)

Pretty printing using SymPy; Pandas API for IO tools: interfacing Python with text/csv, HTML, LaTeX, XML, MSExcel, OpenDocument, and other such formats; Pylatex and writing document files from Python with auto-computed values, Plots and visualizations.

**Practical (30 hours):** Software labs using IDE such as Spyder and Python Libraries.

- Installation, update, and maintenance of code, troubleshooting.
- Implementation of all methods learned in theory.
- Explore and explain API level integration and working of two problems with standard Python code.

#### **Essential Readings**

- 1. Farrell, Peter (2019). Math Adventures with Python. No Starch Press. ISBN Number: 978-1-59327-867-0.
- 2. Farrell, Peter and et al. (2020). The Statistics and Calculus with Python Workshop. Packet Publishing Ltd. ISBN: 978-1-80020-976-3.
- 3. Saha, Amit (2015). Doing Math with Python. No Starch Press. ISBN: 978-1-59327-640-9

# Suggestive Readings

- Morley, Sam (2022). Applying Math with Python (2nd ed.). Packet Publishing Ltd. ISBN: 978-1-80461-837-0
- Online resources and documentation on the libraries, such as:
  - o https://matplotlib.org
  - o https://sympy.org
  - o https://pandas.pydata.org
  - o https://numpy.org
  - o https://pypi.org
  - o https://patrickwalls.github.io/mathematicalpython/

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

# **BA (Prog.) Semester-V with Mathematics as non-Major**

## Category-III

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 5 (Discipline A-5): ELEMENTS OF REAL ANALYSIS

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &		Credit	Credit distribution of the course			Pre-requisite
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Elements of Real Analysis	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- The real line with algebraic, order and completeness properties.
- Convergence and divergence of sequences and series of real numbers with applications.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Understand the basic properties of the set of real numbers, including completeness and Archimedean with some consequences.
- Recognize bounded, convergent, monotonic and Cauchy sequences
- Learn to apply various tests such as limit comparison, ratio, root, and alternating series tests for convergence and absolute convergence of infinite series of real numbers.

#### SYLLABUS OF DISCIPLINE A-5

#### UNIT-I: Basic Properties of the Set of Real Numbers

Field and order properties of  $\mathbb{R}$ , basic properties and inequalities of the absolute value of a real number, bounded above and bounded below sets, Suprema and infima, The completeness axiom and the Archimedean property of  $\mathbb{R}$ .

#### **UNIT-II: Real Sequences**

Convergence of a real sequence, Algebra of limits, The squeeze principle and applications, Monotone sequences, Monotone convergence theorem and applications, Cauchy sequences, Cauchy criterion for convergence and applications.

#### **UNIT-III: Infinite Series of Real Numbers**

# (15 hours)

(12 hours)

(18 hours)

Convergence and divergence of infinite series of real numbers, Necessary condition for convergence, Cauchy criterion for convergence of series, Tests for convergence of positive term series, Applications of the integral test, Comparison tests, D'Alembert's ratio test, Cauchy's *n*th root test, Raabe's test; Alternating series, Leibniz alternating series test, Absolute and conditional convergence.

#### **Essential Reading**

1. Denlinger, Charles G. (2011). Elements of Real Analysis. Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Bartle, Robert G., & Sherbert, Donald R. (2011). Introduction to Real Analysis (4th ed.). John Wiley & Sons. Wiley India Edition 2015.
- Bilodeau, Gerald G., Thie, Paul R., & Keough, G. E. (2010). An Introduction to Analysis (2nd ed.). Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.

# B.A. (Prog.) Semester-VI with Mathematics as Major <u>Category-II</u>

#### **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit o	listribution			Pre-requisite
		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Elementary Mathematical Analysis	4	3	1	0	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Discipline A-5: Elements of Real Analysis

**Learning Objectives:** The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- Sequential criterion for limits and continuity of real-valued functions.
- Riemann integral of real-valued function *f* on [*a*, *b*] using Darboux sums.
- Pointwise and uniform convergence of sequences and series of functions.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Apply sequential continuity criterion for the proof of intermediate value theorem.
- Understand the basic tool used to calculate integrals.
- Apply uniform convergence for term-by-term integration in power series expansion.

#### **SYLLABUS OF DSC-6**

#### **UNIT-I: Continuous Functions**

Sequential criterion for limits and continuity of functions, Continuity on intervals, Intermediate value theorem and applications; Uniform continuity.

#### **UNIT-II: The Riemann Integral**

Riemann integration, criterion for integrability and examples; Integrability of continuous and monotone functions, Algebraic properties of the Riemann integral, Fundamental theorem of calculus (first form).

#### **UNIT-III: Uniform Convergence**

Sequences and series of functions: Pointwise and uniform convergence, Uniform Cauchy criterion, Weierstrass M-test, Implications of uniform convergence in calculus; Power series, Radius and interval of convergence, Applications of Abel's theorem for power series.

# (15 hours)

(18 hours)

(12 hours)

#### 32

# **Essential Reading**

1. Denlinger, Charles G. (2011). Elements of Real Analysis. Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd. Student Edition. Reprinted 2015.

## Suggestive Readings

- Bartle, Robert G., & Sherbert, Donald R. (2011). Introduction to Real Analysis (4th ed.). John Wiley & Sons. Wiley India Edition 2015.
- Ross, Kenneth A. (2013). Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus (2nd ed.). Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer. Indian Reprint.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 6 (Discipline A-6): PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

## CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &	Credits	Credit	distributior		•	Pre-requisite
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Probability and Statistics	4	3	0	1	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of this course is to:

- Make the students familiar with the basic statistical concepts and tools which are needed to study situations involving uncertainty or randomness.
- Render the students to several examples and exercises that blend their everyday experiences with their scientific interests to form the basis of data science.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

- Understand some basic concepts and terminology-population, sample, descriptive and inferential statistics including stem-and-leaf plots, dotplots, histograms and boxplots.
- Learn about probability density functions and various univariate distributions such as binomial, hypergeometric, negative binomial, Poisson, normal, exponential, and lognormal.
- Understand the remarkable fact that the empirical frequencies of so many natural populations, exhibit bell-shaped (i.e., normal) curves, using the Central Limit Theorem.
- Measure the scale of association between two variables, and to establish a formulation helping to predict one variable in terms of the other, i.e., correlation and linear regression.

# **SYLLABUS OF DISCIPLINE A-6**

**UNIT-I:** Descriptive Statistics, Probability, and Discrete Probability Distributions (15 hours) Descriptive statistics: Populations, Samples, Stem-and-leaf displays, Dotplots, Histograms, Qualitative data, Measures of location, Measures of variability, Boxplots; Sample spaces and events, Probability axioms and properties, Conditional probability, Bayes' theorem, and independent events; Discrete random variables & probability distributions, Expected values; Probability distributions: Binomial, geometric, hypergeometric, negative binomial, Poisson, and Poisson distribution as a limit.

#### UNIT-II: Continuous Probability Distributions

#### (15 hours)

Continuous random variables, Probability density functions, Uniform distribution, Cumulative distribution functions and expected values, The normal, exponential, and lognormal distributions.

# UNIT-III: Central Limit Theorem and Regression Analysis (15 hours)

Sampling distribution and standard error of the sample mean, Central Limit Theorem, and applications; Scatterplot of bivariate data, Regression line using principle of least squares, Estimation using the regression lines; Sample correlation coefficient and properties.

Practical (30 hours): Software labs using Microsoft Excel or any other spreadsheet.

- 1) Presentation and analysis of data (univariate and bivariate) by frequency tables, descriptive statistics, stem-and-leaf plots, dotplots, histograms, boxplots, comparative boxplots, and probability plots ([1] Section 4.6).
- 2) Fitting of binomial, Poisson, and normal distributions.
- 3) Illustrating the Central Limit Theorem through Excel.
- 4) Fitting of regression line using the principle of least squares.
- 5) Computation of sample correlation coefficient.

#### **Essential Reading**

1. Devore, Jay L. (2016). Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences (9th ed.). Cengage Learning India Private Limited. Delhi. Indian Reprint 2022.

# **Suggestive Reading**

• Mood, A. M., Graybill, F. A., & Boes, D. C. (1974). Introduction to the Theory of Statistics (3rd ed.). Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. Reprinted 2017.

# DSE Courses of B.A. (Prog.) Semester-VI Category-II

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE – 2(i): DISCRETE DYNAMICAL SYSTEMS

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title &	Credits	Credit dis	tribution of	f the course	C C	Pre-requisite
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)

35

Discrete 4 3 0 1	1 Class XII NIL
Dynamical	pass with
Systems	Mathematics

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of this course is to introduce:

- The fundamental concepts of discrete dynamical systems and emphasis on its study • through several applications.
- The concepts of the fixed points, chaos and Lyapunov exponents for linear and ٠ nonlinear equations have been explained through examples.
- Various applications of chaos in higher dimensional models.

**Learning Outcomes:** This course will enable the students to:

- Understand the basic concepts of difference equation, chaos and Lyapunov exponents. •
- Obtain fixed points and discuss the stability of the dynamical system. •
- Find Lyapunov exponents, Bifurcation, and Period-doubling for nonlinear equations. •
- Analyze the behavior of different realistic systems with chaos cascade.

# SYLLABUS OF DSE-2(i)

# UNIT-I: Discrete-time Models

Dynamical systems concepts and examples; Some linear models: Bouncing ball, investment growth, population growth, financial, economic and linear price models; Nonlinear models: Density-dependent population, contagious-disease, economic and nonlinear price models; Some linear systems models: Prey-predator, competing species, overlappinggenerations, and economic systems.

#### UNIT-II: Linear Equations, Systems, their Solutions and Dynamics (18 hours)

Autonomous, non-autonomous linear equations and their solutions, time series graphs; Homogenous, non-homogeneous equations and their solutions with applications; Dynamics of autonomous linear equations, fixed points, stability, and oscillation; Homogeneous, nonhomogeneous linear systems and their dynamics, solution space graphs, fixed points, sinks, sources and saddles.

# UNIT-III: Nonlinear Equations, their Dynamics and Chaos

Autonomous nonlinear equations and their dynamics: Exact solutions, fixed points, stability; Cobweb graphs and dynamics: Linearization; Periodic points and cycles: 2-cycles, *m*-cycles, and their stability; Parameterized families; Bifurcation of fixed points and period-doubling; Characterizations and indicators of chaos.

# **Practical (30 hours)-** Use of Excel/SageMath/MATHEMATICA/MATLAB/Scilab Software:

- 1. If Rs. 200 is deposited every 2 weeks into an account paying 6.5% annual interest compounded bi-weekly with an initial zero balance:
  - (a) How long will it take before Rs. 10,000/- is in account?
  - (b) During this time how much is deposited and how much comes from interest?

## (12 hours)

# (15 hours)

- (c) Create a time series graph for the bi-weekly account balances for the first 40 weeks of saving scenario.
- [1] Computer Project 2.5 pp. 68
- 2. (a) How much can be borrowed at an annual interest rate of 6% paid quarterly for 5 years in order to have the payments equal Rs. 1000/- every 3 months.
  - (b) What is the unpaid balance on this loan after 4 years.
  - (c) Create a time series graph for the unpaid balances each quarter for the loan process.

## [1] Computer Project 2.5 pp. 68

3. Four distinct types of dynamics for any autonomous linear equation:

 $x_{n+1} = a x_n + b$  for different values of a and b.

# [1] Dynamics of autonomous linear equation, pp. 74

4. Find all fixed points and determine their stability by generating at least the first 100 iterates for various choices of initial values and observing the dynamics

a. 
$$I_{n+1} = I_n - r I_n + s I_n (1 - I_n 10^{-6})$$
  
for: (i)  $r = 0.5, s = 0.25$ , (ii)  $r = 0.5, s = 1.75$ , (iii)  $r = 0.5, s = 2.0$ .

- b.  $P_{n+1} = \frac{1}{P_n} + 0.75 P_n + c$ for: (i) c = 0; (ii) c = -1; (iii) c = -1.25; (iv) c = -1.38. c.  $x_{n+1} = a x_n (1 - x_n^2)$ 
  - for: (*i*) a = 0.5; (*ii*) a = 1.5; (*iii*) a = 2.25; (*iv*) a = 2.3.

# [1] Computer Project 3.2 pp. 110

- 5. Determine numerically whether a stable cycle exists for the given parameter values, and if so, its period. Perform at least 200 iterations each time and if a cycle is found (approximately), use the product of derivatives to verify its stability.
  - a.  $P_{n+1} = r P_n \left(1 \frac{P_n}{5000}\right)$ , for: (i) r = 3.4; (ii) r = 3.5; (iii) r = 3.566; (iv) r = 3.569; (v) r = 3.845.

b. 
$$P_{n+1} = r P_n e^{-P_n/1000}$$
  
for: (*i*)  $r = 5$ ; (*ii*)  $r = 10$ ; (*iii*)  $r = 14$ ; (*iv*)  $r = 14.5$ ; (*v*)  $r = 14.75$ .

# [1] Computer Project 3.5 pp. 154

- 6. Find through numerical experimentation the approximate intervals of stability of the (a) 2-cycle; (b) 4-cycle; (c) 8-cycle; (d) 16-cycle; (e) 32-cycle for the following
  - a.  $f_r(x) = r x e^{-x}$
  - b.  $f_r(x) = r x^2 (1-x)$
  - c.  $f_a(x) = x (a x^2)$
  - d.  $f_c(x) = \frac{2}{x} + 0.75 x c$

# [1] Computer Project 3.6 pp. 164

7. Through numerical simulation, show that each of the following functions undergoes a period doubling cascade: ([1] Computer Project 3.7 pp.175)

a. 
$$f_r(x) = r x e^{-x}$$

- b.  $f_r(x) = r x^2 (1-x)$
- c.  $f_r(x) = r x e^{-x^2}$ d.  $f_r(x) = \frac{r x}{(x^2+1)^2}$
- e.  $f_a(x) = x (a x^2)$

8. Discuss (a) Pick two initial points close together, i.e., that perhaps differ by 0.001 or 0.00001, and perform at least 100 iterations of  $x_{n+1} = f(x_n)$ . Do solutions exhibit sensitive dependence on initial conditions?

(b) For several random choices of  $x_0$  compute at least 1000 iterates  $x_n$  and draw a frequency distribution using at least 50 sub-intervals. Do dense orbits appear to exit? (c) Estimate the Lyapunov exponent L by picking several random choices of  $x_0$  and computing  $\frac{1}{N}\sum_{n=1}^{N} \ln|f'(x_n)|$  for N = 1000, 2500, 5000, etc.

Does *L* appear to be positive? i).  $f(x) = 2 - x^2$  ii).  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x} + \frac{3x}{4} - 2$ .

### [1] Computer Project 3.8 pp. 187

- 9. Show that f(x) = r x (1 x) for r > 4 and  $f(x) = 6.75 x^2 (1 x)$  have horseshoes and homoclinic orbits, and hence chaos. [1] Computer Project 3.8 pp. 188
- 10. Find the fixed point and determine whether it is a sink, source or saddle by iterating and graphing in solution space the first few iterates for several choices of initial conditions. **[1] Computer Project 4.2 pp. 207** 
  - a.  $x_{n+1} = x_n y_n + 30$ 
    - $y_{n+1} = x_n + y_n 20.$
  - b.  $x_{n+1} = x_n + y_n$  $y_{n+1} = x_n - y_n$ .

### **Essential Reading**

1. Marotto, Frederick R. (2006). Introduction to Mathematical Modeling Using Discrete Dynamical Systems. Thomson, Brooks/Cole.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

- Devaney, Robert L. (2022). An Introduction to Chaotic Dynamical Systems (3rd ed.). CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC.
- Lynch, Stephen (2017). Dynamical Systems with Applications using Mathematica<sup>®</sup> (2nd ed.). Birkhäuser.
- Martelli, Mario (1999). Introduction to Discrete Dynamical Systems and Chaos. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE – 2(ii): INTRODUCTION TO MATHEMATICAL MODELING

#### **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title & Credits	Credit d	istribution (	of the course	Pre-requisite
Code	Lecture		Practical/ Practice	of the course (if any)

38

Introduction to Mathematical Modeling	4	3	0	1	Class XII pass with Mathematics	Discipline A-3: Differential Equations
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Learning Objectives: The main objective of this course is to introduce:

- Compartmental models and real-life case studies through differential equations, their applications and mathematical modeling.
- Choosing the most appropriate model from competing types that have been fitted.
- Fitting a selected model type or types to the data and making predictions from the collected data.

Learning Outcomes: The course will enable the students to:

- Learn basics of differential equations and compartmental models.
- Formulate differential equations for various mathematical models.
- Construct normal equation of best fit and predict the future values.

#### SYLLABUS OF DSE-2(ii)

#### **UNIT-I: Compartmental Models**

Compartmental diagram and balance law; Exponential decay, radioactive dating, and lake pollution models; Case study: Lake Burley Griffin; Drug assimilation into the blood; Case study: Dull, dizzy or dead; Exponential growth, Density-dependent growth, Equilibrium solutions and stability of logistic equation, Limited growth with harvesting.

#### UNIT-II: Interacting Population Models and Phase-plane Analysis (15 hours)

SIR model for influenza, Predator-prey model, Ecosystem model of competing species, and model of a battle.

#### UNIT-III: Analytic methods of model fitting and Simulation (15 hours)

Fitting models to data graphically; Chebyshev approximation criterion, Least-square criterion: Straight line, parabolic, power curve; Transformed least-square fit, Choosing a best model. Monte Carlo simulation modeling: Simulating deterministic behavior (area under a curve, volume under a surface); Generating random numbers: middle-square method, linear congruence; Simulating probabilistic behavior.

#### **Essential Readings**

- 1. Barnes, Belinda & Fulford, Glenn R. (2015). Mathematical Modelling with Case Studies, Using Maple and MATLAB (3rd ed.). CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group.
- 2. Giordano, Frank R., Fox, William P., & Horton, Steven B. (2014). A First Course in Mathematical Modeling (5th ed.). CENGAGE Learning India.

#### **Suggestive Readings**

• Albright, Brian, & Fox, William P. (2020). Mathematical Modeling with Excel (2nd ed.). CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group.

## (15 hours)

• Edwards, C. Henry, Penney, David E., & Calvis, David T. (2015). Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems: Computing and Modeling (5th ed.). Pearson.

# Practical (30 hours)- Practical / Lab work to be performed in Computer Lab:

Modeling of the following problems using Mathematica/MATLAB/Maple/Maxima/Scilab etc.

- 1. Plotting the solution and describe the physical interpretation of the Mathematical Models mentioned below:
  - a. Exponential decay and growth model.
  - b. Lake pollution model (with constant/seasonal flow and pollution concentration).
  - c. Case of single cold pill and a course of cold pills.
  - d. Limited growth of population (with and without harvesting).
  - e. Predatory-prey model (basic volterra model, with density dependence, effect of DDT, two prey one predator).
  - f. Epidemic model of influenza (basic epidemic model, contagious for life, disease with carriers).
  - g. Ecosystem model of competing species
  - h. Battle model
- 2. Random number generation and then use it to simulate area under a curve and volume under a surface.
- 3. Write a computer program that finds the least-squares estimates of the coefficients in the following models.
  - a.  $y = a x^2 + b x + c$
  - b.  $y = a x^n$
- 4. Write a computer program that uses Equations (3.4) in [3] and the appropriate transformed data to estimate the parameters of the following models.

a. 
$$y = b x^n$$

- b.  $y = b e^{a x}$
- c.  $y = a \ln x + b$
- d.  $y = a x^2$
- e.  $y = a x^3$ .

#### DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE – 2(iii): RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

#### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Credits				0 0	Pre-requisite
Code	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/		of the course (if any)

				Practice		
Research Methodology	4	3	0	1	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

Learning Objectives: The main objective of this course is to:

- Prepare the students with skills needed for successful research in mathematics.
- Develop a basic understanding of how to pursue research in mathematics.
- Prepare students for professions other than teaching, that requires independent mathematical research, critical analysis, and advanced mathematical knowledge.
- Introduce some open source softwares to carry out mathematical research.
- Impart the knowledge of journals, their rankings and the disadvantages of rankings.

Learning Outcomes: The course will enable the students to:

- Develop researchable questions and to make them inquisitive enough to search and verify new mathematical facts.
- Understand the methods in research and carry out independent study in areas of mathematics.
- Write a basic mathematical article and a research project.
- Gain knowledge about publication of research articles in good journals.
- Communicate mathematical ideas both in oral and written forms effectively.

# SYLLABUS OF DSE - 2(iii)

#### UNIT– I: How to Learn, Write, and Research Mathematics (17 hours)

How to learn mathematics, How to write mathematics: Goals of mathematical writing, general principles of mathematical writing, avoiding errors, writing mathematical solutions and proofs, the revision process, What is mathematical research, finding a research topic, Literature survey, Research Criteria, Format of a research article (including examples of mathematical articles) and a research project (report), publishing research.

# UNIT- II: Mathematical Typesetting and Presentation using LaTeX (16 hours)

How to present mathematics: Preparing a mathematical talk, Oral presentation, Use of technology which includes LaTeX, PSTricks and Beamer; Poster presentation.

# UNIT- III: Mathematical Web Resources and Research Ethics (12 hours)

Web resources- MAA, AMS, SIAM, arXiv, ResearchGate; Journal metrics: Impact factor of journal as per JCR, MCQ, SNIP, SJR, Google Scholar metric; Challenges of journal metrics; Reviews/Databases: MathSciNet, zbMath, Web of Science, Scopus; Ethics with respect to science and research, Plagiarism check using software like URKUND/Ouriginal by Turnitin.

# **Essential Readings**

- 1. Bindner, Donald, & Erickson Martin (2011). A Student's Guide to the Study, Practice, and Tools of Modern Mathematics. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group.
- 2. Committee on Publication Ethics- COPE (https://publicationethics.org/)
- Declaration on Research Assessment. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/San\_Francisco\_Declaration\_on\_Research\_Assessment
- Evaluating Journals using journal metrics; (https://academicguides.waldenu.edu/library/journalmetrics#s-lg-box-13497874)
- 5. Gallian, Joseph A. (2006). Advice on Giving a Good PowerPoint Presentation (https://www.d.umn.edu/~jgallian/goodPPtalk.pdf). MATH HORIZONS.
- 6. Lamport, Leslie (2008). LaTeX, a Document Preparation System, Pearson.
- 7. Locharoenrat, Kitsakorn (2017). Research Methodologies for Beginners, Pan Stanford Publishing Pte. Ltd., Singapore.
- 8. Nicholas J. Higham. Handbook for writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM, 1998.
- 9. Steenrod, Norman E., Halmos, Paul R., Schiffer, M. M., & Dieudonné, Jean A. (1973). How to Write Mathematics, American Mathematical Society.
- 10. Tantau, Till, Wright, Joseph, & Miletić, Vedran (2023). The BEAMER class, Use Guide for Version 3.69. TeX User Group.

(https://tug.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/beamer/doc/beameruserguide.pdf)

11. University Grants Commission (Promotion of Academic Integrity and Prevention of Plagiarism in Higher Educational Institutions) Regulations 2018 (The Gazette of India: Extraordinary, Part-iii-Sec.4)

**Practical (30 hours):** Practical work to be performed in the computer lab of the following using any TeX distribution software:

- 1. Starting LaTeX, Preparing an input file, Sequences and paragraphs, Quotation marks, Dashes, Space after a period, Special symbols, Simple text- generating commands, Emphasizing text, Preventing line breaks, Footnotes, ignorable input.
- 2. The document, The document class, The title page, Sectioning, Displayed material, Quotations, Lists, Displayed formulas, Declarations.
- 3. Running LaTeX, Changing the type style, Accents, Symbols, Subscripts and superscripts, Fractions, Roots, Ellipsis.
- 4. Mathematical Symbols, Greek letters, Calligraphic letters, Log-like functions, Arrays, The array environment, Vertical alignment, Delimiters, Multiline formulas.
- 5. Putting one thing above another, Over and underlining, Accents, Stacking symbols, Spacing in math mode, Changing style in math mode, Type style, Math style.
- 6. Defining commands, Defining environments, Theorems.
- 7. Figure and tables, Marginal notes, The tabbing environment, The tabular environment.
- 8. The Table and contents, Cross-references, Bibliography and citation.
- 9. Beamer: Templates, Frames, Title page frame, Blocks, Simple overlays, Themes.
- 10. PSTricks
- 11. Demonstration of web resources.

# **BA (Prog.) Semester-VI with Mathematics as non-Major**

# Category-III

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE-6 (Discipline A-6): PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

Course title & Credits		Credit	distribution		Pre-requisite	
Code		Lecture		Practical/ Practice		of the course (if any)
Probability and Statistics	4	3	0	1	Class XII pass with Mathematics	NIL

### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Learning Objectives: The primary objective of this course is to:

- Make the students familiar with the basic statistical concepts and tools which are needed to study situations involving uncertainty or randomness.
- Render the students to several examples and exercises that blend their everyday experiences with their scientific interests to form the basis of data science.

Learning Outcomes: This course will enable the students to:

• Understand some basic concepts and terminology-population, sample, descriptive and inferential statistics including stem-and-leaf plots, dotplots, histograms and boxplots.

- Learn about probability density functions and various univariate distributions such as binomial, hypergeometric, negative binomial, Poisson, normal, exponential, and lognormal.
- Understand the remarkable fact that the empirical frequencies of so many natural populations, exhibit bell-shaped (i.e., normal) curves, using the Central Limit Theorem.
- Measure the scale of association between two variables, and to establish a formulation helping to predict one variable in terms of the other, i.e., correlation and linear regression.

# SYLLABUS OF DISCIPLINE A-6

**UNIT-I:** Descriptive Statistics, Probability, and Discrete Probability Distributions (15 hours) Descriptive statistics: Populations, Samples, Stem-and-leaf displays, Dotplots, Histograms, Qualitative data, Measures of location, Measures of variability, Boxplots; Sample spaces and events, Probability axioms and properties, Conditional probability, Bayes' theorem, and independent events; Discrete random variables & probability distributions, Expected values; Probability distributions: Binomial, geometric, hypergeometric, negative binomial, Poisson, and Poisson distribution as a limit.

# UNIT-II: Continuous Probability Distributions

Continuous random variables, Probability density functions, Uniform distribution, Cumulative distribution functions and expected values, The normal, exponential, and lognormal distributions.

# UNIT-III: Central Limit Theorem and Regression Analysis

Sampling distribution and standard error of the sample mean, Central Limit Theorem, and applications; Scatterplot of bivariate data, Regression line using principle of least squares, Estimation using the regression lines; Sample correlation coefficient and properties.

# Practical (30 hours)

Software labs using Microsoft Excel or any other spreadsheet.

- Presentation and analysis of data (univariate and bivariate) by frequency tables, descriptive statistics, stem-and-leaf plots, dotplots, histograms, boxplots, comparative boxplots, and probability plots ([1] Section 4.6).
- 2) Fitting of binomial, Poisson, and normal distributions.
  - 3) Illustrating the Central Limit Theorem through Excel.
  - 4) Fitting of regression line using the principle of least squares.
  - 5) Computation of sample correlation coefficient.

# **Essential Reading**

1. Devore, Jay L. (2016). Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences (9th ed.). Cengage Learning India Private Limited. Delhi. Indian Reprint 2022.

# Suggestive Reading

 Mood, A. M., Graybill, F. A., & Boes, D. C. (1974). Introduction to the Theory of Statistics (3rd ed.). Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. Reprinted 2017.

# (15 hours)

(15 hours)