

Your Roll Number:

Department of Mathematics, University of Delhi
M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics Examinations, November-December 2016
Part II Semester III
MATH303(iii): Representation Theory of Finite Groups

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions: • Write your roll number on the space provided at the top of this page immediately on receipt of this question paper • Attempt any **five** questions. All questions carry equal marks. • G will denote a finite group and F will denote a scalar field throughout the question paper.

- 1 a) Define an FG -module. Make $V = F^n$ into an FG -module when a representation $\rho : G \rightarrow GL(n, F)$ is given. Also prove that the mapping $g \mapsto [g]_\beta$, $g \in G$ is a representation of G over F where β is a basis of an given FG -module V . [1+3+3 marks]
- b) Given $G = S_n$ and V a vector space over F , show that V becomes an FG -module with the following definition,
- $$vg = \begin{cases} v & \text{if } g \text{ is an even permutation,} \\ -v & \text{if } g \text{ is an odd permutation.} \end{cases}$$
- [4 marks]
- c) Give an example of an irreducible 2-dimensional FG -module when $G = D_8$. [3 marks]
- 2 a) If V is an FG -module with basis β and W is an FG -module with basis β' , then show that $V \cong W$ if and only if the representations $\rho : g \mapsto [g]_\beta$ and $\sigma : g \mapsto [g]_{\beta'}$ are equivalent. [6 marks]
- b) State and prove Maschke's theorem. [1+7 marks]
- 3 a) Prove that every irreducible $\mathbb{C}G$ -module has dimension one when G is abelian. [3 marks]
- b) If $\mathbb{C}G = U_1 \oplus \dots \oplus U_r$ is a direct sum of irreducible $\mathbb{C}G$ -submodules, then prove that every irreducible $\mathbb{C}G$ -module is isomorphic to one of the $\mathbb{C}G$ -submodules U_i . [5 marks]
- c) Show that the dimensions of the space of $\mathbb{C}G$ -homomorphisms from regular $\mathbb{C}G$ -module $\mathbb{C}G$ to any other $\mathbb{C}G$ -module U is equal to $\dim U$. [6 marks]
- 4 Prove the following:
- a) Isomorphic $\mathbb{C}G$ -modules have the same character. [3 marks]

- b) Any character χ of G takes same value on conjugacy classes of G . [3 marks]
- c) For any character χ of a $\mathbb{C}G$ -module V $\chi(g^{-1}) = \overline{\chi(g)}$, $g \in G$. [3 marks]
- d) Show that $|\chi(g)| = \chi(1)$ if and only if $g\rho = \lambda I_n$ for some $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}$, when χ is a character of a representation ρ of G . [5 marks]
- 5 a) Suppose V and W be $\mathbb{C}G$ -modules with characters χ and ψ respectively, then prove that $\dim(\text{Hom}_{\mathbb{C}G}(V, W)) = \langle \chi, \psi \rangle$. [4 marks]
- b) If χ_1, \dots, χ_k be the irreducible characters of G and g_1, \dots, g_k be the representatives of the conjugacy classes of G , then prove that
- $$\sum_{i=1}^k \chi_i(g_r) \overline{\chi_i(g_s)} = \delta_{rs} |C_G(g_r)|$$
- where δ_{rs} is the Kronecker delta function and $C_G(x)$ is the centralizer of x in G . [6 marks]
- c) Determine the character table of C_3 . [4 marks]
- 6 a) Prove that the linear character of G are precisely the lifts to G of the irreducible character of G/G' where G' is the derived subgroup of G . Find the linear characters of S_n . [4+3 marks]
- b) Determine the complete character table of the symmetric group S_4 . [7 marks]